

## NCERT Solutions for Class 7 Maths Chapter 13

### Exponents and Powers Class 7

Chapter 13 Exponents and Powers Exercise 13.1, 13.2, 13.3 Solutions

**Exercise 13.1** : Solutions of Questions on Page Number : 252

**Q1 :**

Find the value of:

(i)  $2^6$  (ii)  $9^3$

(iii)  $11^2$  (iv)  $5^4$

**Answer :**

(i)  $2^6 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 64$

(ii)  $9^3 = 9 \times 9 \times 9 = 729$

(iii)  $11^2 = 11 \times 11 = 121$  (iv)  $5^4 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 625$

**Q2 :**

Express the following in exponential form:

(i)  $6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6$  (ii)  $t \times t$

(iii)  $b \times b \times b \times b$  (iv)  $5 \times 5 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7$

(v)  $2 \times 2 \times a \times a$  (vi)  $a \times a \times a \times c \times c \times c \times c \times d$

**Answer :**

(i)  $6 \times 6 \times 6 \times 6 = 6^4$

(ii)  $t \times t = t^2$

(iii)  $b \times b \times b \times b = b^4$

(iv)  $5 \times 5 \times 7 \times 7 \times 7 = 5^2 \times 7^3$

(v)  $2 \times 2 \times a \times a = 2^2 \times a^2$

(vi)  $a \times a \times a \times c \times c \times c \times c \times d = a^3 c^4 d$

**Q3 :**

Express the following numbers using exponential notation:

(i) 512 (ii) 343

(iii) 729 (iv) 3125

**Answer :**

(i)  $512 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^9$

(ii)  $343 = 7 \times 7 \times 7 = 7^3$

(iii)  $729 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 3^6$

(iv)  $3125 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 5^5$

**Q4 :**

Identify the greater number, wherever possible, in each of the following?



- (i)  $4^3$  or  $3^4$  (ii)  $5^3$  or  $3^5$   
 (iii)  $2^8$  or  $8^2$  (iv)  $100^2$  or  $2^{100}$   
 (v)  $2^{10}$  or  $10^2$

**Answer :**

(i)  $4^3 = 4 \times 4 \times 4 = 64$

$3^4 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 81$

Therefore,  $3^4 > 4^3$

(ii)  $5^3 = 5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$

$3^5 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 243$

Therefore,  $3^5 > 5^3$

(iii)  $2^8 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 256$

$8^2 = 8 \times 8 = 64$

Therefore,  $2^8 > 8^2$

(iv)  $100^2$  or  $2^{100}$

$2^{10} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 1024$

$2^{100} = 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024 \times 1024$

$100^2 = 100 \times 100 = 10000$

Therefore,  $2^{100} > 100^2$

(v)  $2^{10}$  and  $10^2$

$2^{10} = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 1024$

$10^2 = 10 \times 10 = 100$

Therefore,  $2^{10} > 10^2$

**Q5 :**

Express each of the following as product of powers of their prime factors:

(i) 648 (ii) 405

(iii) 540 (iv) 3,600

**Answer :**

(i)  $648 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 2^3 \cdot 3^4$

(ii)  $405 = 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 = 3^4 \cdot 5$

(iii)  $540 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 = 2^2 \cdot 3^3 \cdot 5$

(iv)  $3600 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5 = 2^4 \cdot 3^2 \cdot 5^2$

**Q6 :**

**Simplify:**

(i)  $2 \times 10^3$  (ii)  $7^2 \times 2^2$  (iii)

$2^3 \times 5$  (iv)  $3 \times 4^4$

(v)  $0 \times 10^2$  (vi)  $5^2 \times 3^3$

(vii)  $2^4 \times 3^2$  (viii)  $3^2 \times 10^4$

**Answer :**

(i)  $2 \times 10^3 = 2 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 2 \times 1000 = 2000$

(ii)  $7^2 \times 2^2 = 7 \times 7 \times 2 \times 2 = 49 \times 4 = 196$

(iii)  $2^3 \times 5 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 = 8 \times 5 = 40$

(iv)  $3 \times 4^4 = 3 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 \times 4 = 3 \times 256 = 768$

(v)  $0 \times 10^2 = 0 \times 10 \times 10 = 0$

(vi)  $5^2 \times 3^3 = 5 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 25 \times 27 = 675$

(vii)  $2^4 \times 3^2 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 16 \times 9 = 144$  (viii)  $3^2 \times 10^4 = 3 \times 3 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 \times 10 = 9 \times 10000 = 90000$

**Q7 :**

**Simplify:**

(i)  $(-4)^3$  (ii)  $(-3) \times (-2)^3$

(iii)  $(-3)^2 \times (-5)^2$  (iv)  $(-2)^3 \times (-10)^3$

**Answer :**

(i)  $(-4)^3 = (-4) \times (-4) \times (-4) = -64$

(ii)  $(-3) \times (-2)^3 = (-3) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) = 24$

(iii)  $(-3)^2 \times (-5)^2 = (-3) \times (-3) \times (-5) \times (-5) = 9 \times 25 = 225$

(iv)  $(-2)^3 \times (-10)^3 = (-2) \times (-2) \times (-2) \times (-10) \times (-10) \times (-10)$

$= (-8) \times (-1000) = 8000$

**Q8 :**

**Compare the following numbers:**

(i)  $2.7 \times 10^{12}$ ;  $1.5 \times 10^8$

(ii)  $4 \times 10^{14}$ ;  $3 \times 10^{17}$

**Answer :**

(i)  $2.7 \times 10^{12}$ ;  $1.5 \times 10^8$

$2.7 \times 10^{12} > 1.5 \times 10^8$  (ii)

$4 \times 10^{14}$ ;  $3 \times 10^{17}$

$3 \times 10^{17} > 4 \times 10^{14}$

**Exercise 13.2 : Solutions of Questions on Page Number : 260**

**Q1 :**

**Using laws of exponents, simplify and write the answer in exponential form:**

(i)  $3^2 \times 3^4 \times 3^8$  (ii)  $6^{15} \div 6^{10}$  (iii)  $a^2 \times a^2$

(iv)  $7^x \times 7^y$  (v)  $5^{2^3} \div 5^3$  (vi)  $2^5 \times 5^5$

(vii)  $a^t \times b^t$  (viii)  $(3^4)^3$

(ix)  $(2^{20} \div 2^{15}) \times 2^3$  (x)  $8^t \div 8^2 \cdot 8^2$

**Answer :**

(i)  $3_2 \times 3_4 \times 3_8 = (3)_{2+4+8}$  ( $a_m \times a_n = a_{m+n}$ )  
 $= 3^{14}$

(ii)  $6^{15} \div 6^{10} = (6)^{15-10}$  ( $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ )  
 $= 6^5$

(iii)  $a^3 \times a^2 = a^{(3+2)}$  ( $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ )  
 $= a^5$

(iv)  $7^x + 7^2 = 7^{x+2}$  ( $a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}$ )

(v)  $(5^2)^3 \div 5^3$   
 $= 5_{2 \times 3} \div 5_3$  ( $(a_m)^n = a_{mn}$ )  
 $= 5^6 \div 5^3$   
 $= 5_{(6-3)}$  ( $a_m \div a_n = a_{m-n}$ )  
 $= 5^3$

(vi)  $2^5 \times 5^5$   
 $= (2 \times 5)^5$  [ $a^m \times b^m = (a \times b)^m$ ]  
 $= 10^5$

(vii)  $a^t \times b^t$   
 $= (ab)^t$  [ $a^m \times b^m = (a \times b)^m$ ]

(viii)  $(3^4)^3 = 3^{4 \times 3} = 3^{12}$  ( $(a^m)^n = a^{mn}$ )

(ix)  $(2^{20} \div 2^{15}) \times 2^3$   
 $= (2_{20-15}) \times 2_3$  ( $a_m \div a_n = a_{m-n}$ )  
 $= 2^5 \times 2^3$   
 $= (2_{5+3})$  ( $a_m \times a_n = a_{m+n}$ )  
 $= 2^8$

(x)  $8^t \div 8^2 \cdot 8^2 = 8^{(t-2)}$  ( $a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}$ )

**Q2 :**

**Simplify and express each of the following in exponential form:**

(i)  $\frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 4}{3 \times 32}$  (ii)  $[5^{2^3} \times 5^4] \div 5^7$  (iii)  $25^4 \div 5^3$

(iv)  $\frac{3 \times 7^2 \times 11^8}{21 \times 11^3}$  (v)  $\frac{3^7}{3^4 \times 3^3}$  (vi)  $2^0 + 3^0 + 4^0$

(vii)  $2^0 \times 3^0 \times 4^0$  (viii)  $(3^0 + 2^0) \times 5^0$  (ix)  $\frac{2^8 \times a^5}{4^3 \times a^3}$

(x)  $\left(\frac{a^5}{a^3}\right) \times a^8$  (xi)  $\frac{4^5 \times a^8 b^3}{4^5 \times a^5 b^2}$  (xii)  $(2^3 \times 2)^2$

Answer :

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(i)} \quad \frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 4}{3 \times 32} &= \frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 2 \times 2}{3 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2} = \frac{2^3 \times 3^4 \times 2^2}{3 \times 2^5} \\ &= \frac{2^{3+2} \times 3^4}{3 \times 2^5} && (a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}) \\ &= \frac{2^5 \times 3^4}{3 \times 2^5} \\ &= 2^{5-5} \times 3^{4-1} && (a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}) \\ &= 2^0 \times 3^3 = 1 \times 3^3 = 3^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(ii)} \quad &[(5^2)^3 \times 5^4] \div 5^7 \cdot 5^7 \\ &= [5^{2 \times 3} \times 5^4] \div 5^7 \cdot 5^7 \quad (a^m)^n = a^{mn} = \\ &[5^6 \times 5^4] \div 5^7 \cdot 5^7 \\ &= [5^{6+4}] \div 5^7 \cdot 5^7 \quad (a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}) \\ &= 5^{10} \div 5^7 \cdot 5^7 \\ &= 5^{10-7} \cdot 5^7 \quad (a_m \div a_n = a_{m-n}) \\ &= 5^3 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(iii)} \quad &25^4 \div 5^3 \cdot 5^3 = (5 \times 5)^4 \div 5^3 \cdot 5^3 \\ &= (5^2)^4 \div 5^3 \cdot 5^3 \\ &= 5^{2 \times 4} \div 5^3 \cdot 5^3 \quad (a_m)^n = a_{mn} = \\ &5^8 \div 5^3 \cdot 5^3 \\ &= 5^{8-3} \cdot 5^3 \quad (a_m \div a_n = a_{m-n}) \\ &= 5^5 \end{aligned}$$

(iv)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3 \times 7^2 \times 11^8}{21 \times 11^3} &= \frac{3 \times 7^2 \times 11^8}{3 \times 7 \times 11^3} \\ &= 3^{1-1} \times 7^{2-1} \times 11^{8-3} && (a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}) \\ &= 3^0 \times 7^1 \times 11^5 \end{aligned}$$

$$= 1 \times 7 \times 11^5 = 7 \times 11^5$$

(v)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3^7}{3^4 \times 3^3} &= \frac{3^7}{3^{4+3}} && (a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}) \\ &= \frac{3^7}{3^7} = 3^{7-7} && (a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}) \\ &= 3^0 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

(vi)  $2^0 + 3^0 + 4^0 = 1 + 1 + 1 = 3$

(vii)  $2^0 \times 3^0 \times 4^0 = 1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1$

(viii)  $(3^0 + 2^0) \times 5^0 = (1 + 1) \times 1 = 2$

(ix)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{4^3 \times a^3} &= \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{(2 \times 2)^3 \times a^3} = \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{(2^2)^3 \times a^3} \\ &= \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{(2^{2 \times 3}) \times a^3} && [(a^m)^n = a^{mn}] \\ &= \frac{2^8 \times a^5}{2^6 \times a^3} \\ &= 2^{8-6} \times a^{5-3} && (a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}) \\ &= 2^2 \times a^2 = (2 \times a)^2 && [a^m \times b^m = (a \times b)^m] \\ &= (2a)^2 \end{aligned}$$

(x)

$$\begin{aligned} \left(\frac{a^5}{a^3}\right) \times a^8 &= a^{5-3} \times a^8 && (a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}) \\ &= a^2 \times a^8 \\ &= a^{2+8} = a^{10} && (a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}) \end{aligned}$$

(xi)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{4^5 \times a^8 b^3}{4^5 \times a^5 b^2} &= 4^{5-5} \times a^{8-5} \times b^{3-2} && (a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}) \\ &= 4^0 \times a^3 \times b^1 = 1 \times a^3 \times b = a^3 b \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{(xii)} \quad (2^3 \times 2)^2 &= (2^{3+1})^2 \quad (a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}) \\ &= (2^4)^2 = 2^{4 \times 2} \quad (a^m)^n = a^{mn} \\ &= 2^8 \end{aligned}$$

**Q3 :**

Say true or false and justify your answer:

**(i)  $10 \times 10^{11} = 100^{11}$  (ii)  $2^3 > 5^2$**

**(iii)  $2^3 \times 3^2 = 6^5$  (iv)  $3^0 = (1000)^0$**

**Answer :**

(i)  $10 \times 10^{11} = 100^{11}$

L.H.S. =  $10 \times 10^{11} = 10^{11+1} \quad (a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n})$   
 $= 10^{12}$

R.H.S. =  $100^{11} = (10 \times 10)^{11} = (10^2)^{11}$   
 $= 10_{2 \times 11} = 10_{22} \quad (a^m)^n = a^{mn}$

As L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S.,

Therefore, the given statement is false.

(ii)  $2^3 > 5^2$

L.H.S. =  $2^3 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 8$

R.H.S. =  $5^2 = 5 \times 5 = 25$

As  $25 > 8$ ,

Therefore, the given statement is false.

(iii)  $2^3 \times 3^2 = 6^5$

L.H.S. =  $2^3 \times 3^2 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 72$

R.H.S. =  $6^5 = 7776$

As L.H.S.  $\neq$  R.H.S.,

Therefore, the given statement is false.

(iv)  $3^0 = (1000)^0$

L.H.S. =  $3^0 = 1$

R.H.S. =  $(1000)^0 = 1 = \text{L.H.S.}$

Therefore, the given statement is true.

**Q4 :**

Express each of the following as a product of prime factors only in exponential form:

**(i)  $108 \times 192$  (ii)  $270$**

**(iii)  $729 \times 64$  (iv)  $768$**

**Answer :**

(i)  $108 \times 192$



$$= (2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3)$$

$$= (2^2 \times 3^3) \times (2^6 \times 3)$$

$$= 2_{6+2} \times 3_{3+1} \quad (a_m \times a_n = a_{m+n})$$

$$= 2^8 \times 3^4$$

$$(ii) \quad 270 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 = 2 \times 3^3 \times 5$$

$$(iii) \quad 729 \times 64 = (3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3) \times (2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2)$$

$$= 3^6 \times 2^6$$

$$(iv) \quad 768 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 2^8 \times 3$$

**Q5 :**

**Simplify:**

$$(i) \quad \frac{(2^5)^2 \times 7^3}{8^3 \times 7} \quad (ii) \quad \frac{25 \times 5^2 \times t^8}{10^3 \times t^4} \quad (iii) \quad \frac{3^5 \times 10^5 \times 25}{5^7 \times 6^5}$$

**Answer :**

(i)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{(2^5)^2 \times 7^3}{8^3 \times 7} &= \frac{2^{5 \times 2} \times 7^3}{(2 \times 2 \times 2)^3 \times 7} && [(a^m)^n = a^{mn}] \\ &= \frac{2^{10} \times 7^3}{(2^3)^3 \times 7} = \frac{2^{10} \times 7^3}{2^{3 \times 3} \times 7} && [(a^m)^n = a^{mn}] \\ &= \frac{2^{10} \times 7^3}{2^9 \times 7} = 2^{10-9} \times 7^{3-1} && (a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}) \\ &= 2^1 \times 7^2 = 2 \times 7 \times 7 = 98 \end{aligned}$$

(ii)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{25 \times 5^2 \times t^8}{10^3 \times t^4} &= \frac{5 \times 5 \times 5^2 \times t^8}{(5 \times 2)^3 \times t^4} && (a \times b)^m = (a^m \times b^m) \\ &= \frac{5^{1+1+2} \times t^8}{5^3 \times 2^3 \times t^4} && (a^m \times a^n = a^{m+n}) \\ &= \frac{5^4 \times t^8}{5^3 \times 2^3 \times t^4} = \frac{5^{4-3} \times t^{8-4}}{2^3} && (a^m \div a^n = a^{m-n}) \\ &= \frac{5^1 \times t^4}{2 \times 2 \times 2} = \frac{5t^4}{8} \end{aligned}$$

(iii)

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{3^5 \times 10^5 \times 25}{5^7 \times 6^5} &= \frac{3^5 \times (2 \times 5)^5 \times 5 \times 5}{5^7 \times 2^5 \times 3^5} \\ &= \frac{3^5 \times 2^5 \times 5^5 \times 5^2}{5^7 \times 2^5 \times 3^5} & (a \times b)^m &= (a^m \times b^m) \\ &= \frac{3^5 \times 2^5 \times 5^{5+2}}{5^7 \times 2^5 \times 3^5} & (a^m \times a^n &= a^{m+n}) \\ &= \frac{3^5 \times 2^5 \times 5^7}{5^7 \times 2^5 \times 3^5} \\ &= 3^{5-5} \times 2^{5-5} \times 5^{7-7} & (a^m \div a^n &= a^{m-n}) \\ &= 3^0 \times 2^0 \times 5^0 = 1 \times 1 \times 1 = 1 \end{aligned}$$

**Exercise 13.3 : Solutions of Questions on Page Number : 263**

**Q1 :**

**Write the following numbers in the expanded forms:**

**279404, 3006194, 2806196, 120719, 20068**

**Answer :**

$$279404 = 2 \times 10^5 + 7 \times 10^4 + 9 \times 10^3 + 4 \times 10^2 + 0 \times 10^1 + 4 \times 10^0$$

$$3006194 = 3 \times 10^6 + 0 \times 10^5 + 0 \times 10^4 + 6 \times 10^3 + 1 \times 10^2 + 9 \times 10^1 + 4 \times 10^0$$

$$2806196 = 2 \times 10^6 + 8 \times 10^5 + 0 \times 10^4 + 6 \times 10^3 + 1 \times 10^2 + 9 \times 10^1 + 6 \times 10^0$$

$$120719 = 1 \times 10^5 + 2 \times 10^4 + 0 \times 10^3 + 7 \times 10^2 + 1 \times 10^1 + 9 \times 10^0$$

$$20068 = 2 \times 10^4 + 0 \times 10^3 + 0 \times 10^2 + 6 \times 10^1 + 8 \times 10^0$$

**Q2 :**

**Find the number from each of the following expanded forms:**

**(a)  $8 \times 10^4 + 6 \times 10^3 + 0 \times 10^2 + 4 \times 10^1 + 5 \times 10^0$**

**(b)  $4 \times 10^5 + 5 \times 10^3 + 3 \times 10^2 + 2 \times 10^0$**

**(c)  $3 \times 10^4 + 7 \times 10^2 + 5 \times 10^0$**

**(d)  $9 \times 10^5 + 2 \times 10^2 + 3 \times 10^1$**

**Answer :**

(a)  $8 \times 10^4 + 6 \times 10^3 + 0 \times 10^2 + 4 \times 10^1 + 5 \times 10^0$

= 86045

(b)  $4 \times 10^5 + 5 \times 10^3 + 3 \times 10^2 + 2 \times 10^0$

= 405302

(c)  $3 \times 10^4 + 7 \times 10^2 + 5 \times 10^0$

= 30705

(d)  $9 \times 10^5 + 2 \times 10^2 + 3 \times 10^1$

= 900230

**Q3 :**

Express the following numbers in standard form:

- (i) 5, 00, 00, 000 (ii) 70, 00, 000  
(iii) 3, 18, 65, 00, 000 (iv) 3, 90, 878  
(v) 39087.8 (vi) 3908.78

**Answer :**

- (i)  $50000000 = 5 \times 10^7$   
(ii)  $7000000 = 7 \times 10^6$   
(iii)  $3186500000 = 3.1865 \times 10^9$   
(iv)  $390878 = 3.90878 \times 10^5$   
(v)  $39087.8 = 3.90878 \times 10^4$  (vi)  $3908.78 = 3.90878 \times 10^3$

**Q4 :**

Express the number appearing in the following statements in standard form.

- (a) The distance between Earth and Moon is 384, 000, 000 m.  
(b) Speed of light in vacuum is 300, 000, 000 m/s.  
(c) Diameter of the Earth is 1, 27, 56, 000 km.  
(d) Diameter of the Sun is 1, 400, 000, 000 m.  
(e) In a galaxy there are on an average 100, 000, 000, 000 stars.  
(f) The universe is estimated to be about 12, 000, 000, 000 years old.  
(g) The distance of the Sun from the centre of the Milky Way Galaxy is estimated to be 300, 000, 000, 000, 000, 000 m.  
(h) 60, 230, 000, 000, 000, 000, 000, 000 molecules are contained in a drop of water weighing 1.8 gm.  
(i) The earth has 1, 353, 000, 000 cubic km of sea water.  
(j) The population of India was about 1, 027, 000, 000 in March, 2001.

**Answer :**

- (a)  $3.84 \times 10^8$  m  
(b)  $3 \times 10^8$  m/s  
(c)  $1.2756 \times 10^7$  m  
(d)  $1.4 \times 10^9$  m  
(e)  $1 \times 10^{11}$  stars  
(f)  $1.2 \times 10^{10}$  years  
(g)  $3 \times 10^{20}$  m  
(h)  $6.023 \times 10^{22}$   
(i)  $1.353 \times 10^9$  cubic km  
(j)  $1.027 \times 10^9$

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