



Class VI Mathematics Chapter-3 Playing with Numbers

Exercise 3.1

- 1. Write all the factors of the following numbers:
- (a) $24 = 1 \times 24 = 2 \times 12 = 3 \times 8 = 4 \times 6 = 6 \times 4$
- \therefore Factors of 24 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12, 24
- (b) $15 = 1 \times 15 = 3 \times 5 = 5 \times 3$
- \therefore Factors of 15 = 1, 3, 5, 15
- (c) $21 = 1 \times 21 = 3 \times 7 = 7 \times 3$
- : Factors of 21 = 1, 3, 7, 21
- (d) $27 = 1 \times 27 = 3 \times 9 = 9 \times 3$
- : Factors of 27 = 1, 3, 9, 27
- (e) $12 = 1 \times 12 = 2 \times 6 = 3 \times 4 = 4 \times 3$
- \therefore Factors of 12 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12
- (f) $20 = 1 \times 20 = 2 \times 10 = 4 \times 5 = 5 \times 4$
- \therefore Factors of 20 = 1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20
- (g) $18 = 1 \times 18 = 2 \times 9 = 3 \times 6$
- \therefore Factors of 18 = 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18
- (h) $23 = 1 \times 23$
- \therefore Factors of 23 = 1, 23
- (i) $36 = 1 \times 36 = 2 \times 18 = 3 \times 12 = 4 \times 9 = 6 \times 6$
- \therefore Factors of 36 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 9, 12, 18, 36
- 2. Write the first five multiples of:
- (a) 5

Ans:
$$5 \times 1 = 5, 5 \times 2 = 10, 5 \times 3 = 15, 5 \times 4 = 20, 5 \times 5 = 25$$

- ∴ First five multiples of 5 are 5, 10, 15, 20, 25
- (b) 8

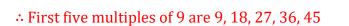
Ans:
$$8 \times 1 = 8, 8 \times 2 = 16, 8 \times 3 = 24, 8 \times 4 = 32, 8 \times 5 = 40$$

- ∴ First five multiples of 8 are 8, 16, 24, 32, 40
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(c) 9

Ans: $9 \times 1 = 9, 9 \times 2 = 18, 9 \times 3 = 27, 9 \times 4 = 36, 9 \times 5 = 45$



3. Match the items in column 1 with the items in column 2:

	Column 1		Column 2
(i)	35	(a)	Multiple of 8
(ii)	15	(b)	Multiple of 7
(iii)	16	(c)	Multiple of 70
(iv)	20	(d)	Factor of 30
(v)	25	(e)	Factor of 50
		(f)	Factor of 20

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Ans:

	Column 1		Column 2
(i)	35	(c)	Multiple of 70
(ii)	15	(d)	Factor of 30
(iii)	16	(a)	Multiple of 8
(iv)	20	(f)	Factor of 20
(v)	25	(e)	Factor of 50

4. Find all the multiples of 9 up to 100

Ans: Multiples of 9 up to 100 are:

9, 18, 27, 36, 45, 54, 63, 72, 81, 90, 99







Exercise 3.2

- 1. What is the sum of any two:
- (a) Odd numbers.

Ans: The sum of any two odd numbers is an even number.

Example: 1+3=4, 3+5=8

(b) Even numbers.

Ans: The sum of any two even numbers is an even number.

Example: 2+4=6, 6+8=14

2. State whether the following statements are true or false:

(-	The give of three odd nimbore is given		Folgo
(a) The sum of three odd numbers is even.		False

- (b) The sum of two odd numbers and one even number is even. True
- (c) The product of three odd numbers is odd. True
- (d) If an even number is divided by 2, the quotient is always odd. False
- (e) All prime numbers are odd. False
- (f) Prime numbers do not have any factors. False
- (g) Sum of two prime numbers is always even. False
- (h) 2 is the only even prime number. True
- (i) All even numbers are composite numbers. False
- (j) The product of two even numbers is always even. True
- 3. The numbers 13 and 31 are prime numbers. Both these numbers have same digits 1 and 3. Find such pairs of prime numbers up to 100.

Ans: 17 and 71; 37 and 73; 79 and 97

4. Write down separately the prime and composite numbers less than 20.

Ans: Prime Numbers: 2, 3, 5, 7, 11, 13, 17, 19

Composite Numbers: 4, 6, 8, 9, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 18



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5. What is the greatest prime number between 1 and 10?

Ans: The greatest prime number between 1 and 10 is '7'.

- 6. Express the following as the sum of two odd numbers:
- (a) 44
- (b) 36
- (c) 24
- (d) 18

Ans:

- (a) 3+41=44
- (b) 5+31=36
- (c) 7+17=24
- (d) 7+11=18
- 7. Give three pairs of prime numbers whose difference is 2. [Remark: Two prime numbers whose difference is 2 are called twin primes.]

Ans: 3 and 5;

- 5 and 7;
- 11 and 13.
- 8. Which of the following numbers are prime:
- (a) 23
- (b) 51
- (c) 37
- (d) 26

Ans: (a) 23 and (c) 37 are prime numbers.

9. Write seven consecutive composite numbers less than 100 so that there is no prime number between them.

Ans: 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96

- 10. Express each of the following numbers as the sum of three odd primes:
- (a) 21
- (b) 31
- (c) 53
- (d) 61

Ans:

- (a) 21 = 3 + 7 + 11
- (b) 31 = 3 + 11 + 17
- (c) 53 = 13 + 17 + 23
- (d) 61 = 19 + 29 + 13
- 11. Write five pairs of prime numbers less than 20 whose sum is divisible by 5. [Hint: 3 + 7 = 10]

Ans: 2+3=5;

- 7+13=20;
- 13+7=20;
- 2+13=15;
- 5+5=10



12. Fill in the blanks:



- (a) A number which has only two factors is called a Prime number.
- (b) A number which has more than two factors is called a Composite number.
- (c) 1 is neither prime number nor composite number.
- (d) The smallest prime number is 2.
- (e) The smallest composite number is 4.
- (f) The smallest even number is 2.







Exercise 3.3

1. Using divisibility test, determine which of the following numbers are divisible by 2; by 3; by 4; by 5; by 6; by 8; by 9; by 10; by 11. (say yes or no)

Number	Divisible by								
	2	3	4	5	6	8	9	10	11
128	Yes	No	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	No	No
990	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
1586	Yes	No							
275	No	No	No	Yes	No	No	No	No	Yes
6686	Yes	No							
639210	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	Yes
429714	Yes	Yes	No	No	Yes	No	Yes	No	No
2856	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No	No	No
3060	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Yes	No
406839	No	Yes	No						

- 2. Using divisibility test, determine which of the following numbers are divisibly by 4; by 8:
 - (a) 572
- (b) 726352
- (c) 5500
- (d) 6000
- (e) 12159

- (f) 14560
- (g) 21084
- (h) 31795072
- (i) 1700
- (i) 2150

Ans:

- (a) $572 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 4}$ as its last two digits are divisible by 4.
- → Not divisible by 8 as its last three digits are not divisible by 8.
- (b) $726352 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 4}$ as its last two digits are divisible by 4.
- \rightarrow Divisible by 8 as its last three digits are divisible by 8.
- (c) $5500 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 4}$ as its last two digits are divisible by 4.
- → Not divisible by 8 as its last three digits are not divisible by 8.
- (d) $6000 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 4 as its last two digits are 0}$.
- \rightarrow Divisible by 8 as its last three digits are 0.
- (e) $12159 \rightarrow \text{Not divisible by 4 and 8 as it is an odd number.}$
- (f) $14560 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 4}$ as its last two digits are divisible by 4.
- \rightarrow Divisible by 8 as its last three digits are divisible by 8.
- (g) $21084 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 4}$ as its last two digits are divisible by 4.
- \rightarrow Not divisible by 8 as its last three digits are not divisible by 8.
- (h) $31795072 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 4}$ as its last two digits are divisible by 4.
- \rightarrow Divisible by 8 as its last three digits are divisible by 8.
- (i) $1700 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 4 as its last two digits are 0}$.
- → Not divisible by 8 as its last three digits are not divisible by 8.
- (j) $2150 \rightarrow \text{Not divisible by 4}$ as its last two digits are not divisible by 4.
- → Not divisible by 8 as its last three digits are not divisible by 8





3. Using divisibility test, determine which of the following numbers are divisible by 6:

(a) 297144

(b) 1258

(c) 4335

(d) 61233

(e) 901352

(f) 438750

(g) 1790184

(h) 12583

(i) 639210

(j) 17852

Ans:

(a) $297144 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 2}$ as its units place is an even number.

 \rightarrow Divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 27) is divisible by 3.

Since the number is divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is also divisible by 6.

- (b) $1258 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 2}$ as its units place is an even number.
- \rightarrow Not divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 16) is not divisible by 3.

Since the number is not divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is not divisible by 6.

- (c) $4335 \rightarrow \text{Not divisible by 2}$ as its units place is not an even number.
- \rightarrow Divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 15) is divisible by 3.

Since the number is not divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is not divisible by 6.

- (d) $61233 \rightarrow \text{Not divisible by 2 as its units place is not an even number.}$
- \rightarrow Divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 15) is divisible by 3.

Since the number is not divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is not divisible by 6.

- (e) $901352 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 2}$ as its units place is an even number.
- \rightarrow Not divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 20) is not divisible by 3.

Since the number is not divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is not divisible by 6.

- (f) $438750 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 2}$ as its units place is an even number.
- \rightarrow Divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 27) is divisible by 3.

Since the number is divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is divisible by 6.

- (g) $1790184 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 2}$ as its units place is an even number.
- \rightarrow Divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 30) is divisible by 3.

Since the number is divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is divisible by 6.

- (h) $12583 \rightarrow \text{Not divisible by 2 as its units place is not an even number.}$
- \rightarrow Not divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 19) is not divisible by 3.

Since the number is not divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is not divisible by 6.

- (i) $639210 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 2}$ as its units place is an even number.
- \rightarrow Divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 21) is divisible by 3.

Since the number is divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is divisible by 6.

- (j) $17852 \rightarrow \text{Divisible by 2}$ as its units place is an even number.
- \rightarrow Not divisible by 3 as sum of its digits (= 23) is not divisible by 3.

Since the number is not divisible by both 2 and 3, therefore, it is not divisible by 6.



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- 4. Using divisibility test, determine which of the following numbers are divisible by 11:
 - (a) 5445
- (b) 10824
- (c) 7138965
- (d) 70169308

(e) 10000001 (f) 901153

Ans:

- (a) $5445 \rightarrow \text{Sum of the digits at odd places} = 4 + 5 = 9$
- \rightarrow Sum of the digits at even places = 4 + 5 = 9
- \rightarrow Difference of both sums = 9 9 = 0

Since the difference is 0, therefore, the number is divisible by 11.

- (b) $10824 \rightarrow \text{Sum of the digits at odd places} = 4 + 8 + 1 = 13$
- \rightarrow Sum of the digits at even places = 2 + 0 = 2
- \rightarrow Difference of both sums = 13 2 = 11

Since the difference is 11, therefore, the number is divisible by 11.

- (c) $7138965 \rightarrow \text{Sum of the digits at odd places} = 5 + 9 + 3 + 7 = 24$
- \rightarrow Sum of the digits at even places = 6 + 8 + 1 = 15
- \rightarrow Difference of both sums = 24 15 = 9

Since the difference is neither 0 nor 11, therefore, the number is not divisible by 11.

- (d) $70169308 \rightarrow \text{Sum of the digits at odd places} = 8 + 3 + 6 + 0 = 17$
- \rightarrow Sum of the digits at even places = 0 + 9 + 1 + 7 = 17
- \rightarrow Difference of both sums = 17 17 = 0

Since the difference is 0, therefore, the number is divisible by 11.

- (e) $10000001 \rightarrow \text{Sum of the digits at odd places} = 1 + 0 + 0 + 0 = 1$
- \rightarrow Sum of the digits at even places = 0 + 0 + 0 + 1 = 1
- \rightarrow Difference of both sums = 1 1 = 0

Since the difference is 0, therefore, the number is divisible by 11.

- (f) $901153 \rightarrow \text{Sum of the digits at odd places} = 3 + 1 + 0 = 4$
- \rightarrow Sum of the digits at even places = 5 + 1 + 9 = 15
- \rightarrow Difference of both sums = 15 4 = 11

Since the difference is 11, therefore, the number is divisible by 11.

- 5. Write the smallest digit and the largest digit in the blanks space of each of the following numbers so that the number formed is divisible by 3:
 - (a) _____ 6724
- (b) 4765 _____ 2

Ans:

(a) We know that a number is divisible by 3 if the sum of all digits is divisible by 3.

:, Smallest digit: $2 \rightarrow \underline{26724} = 2 + 6 + 7 + 2 + 4 = 21$ Largest digit: $8 \rightarrow 86724 = 8 + 6 + 7 + 2 + 4 = 27$





(b) We know that a number is divisible by 3 if the sum of all digits is divisible by 3.

:, Smallest digit: $0 \rightarrow 476502 = 4 + 7 + 6 + 5 + 0 + 2 = 24$ Largest digit: $9 \rightarrow 476592 = 4 + 7 + 6 + 5 + 0 + 2 = 33$

6. Write the smallest digit and the largest digit in the blanks space of each of the following numbers so that the number formed is divisible by 11:

(a) 92 _____ 389 (b) 8 _____ 9484

Ans: (a) We know that a number is divisible by 11 if the difference of the sum of the digits at odd places and that of even places should be either 0 or 11.

Therefore, $928389 \rightarrow Odd \ places = 9 + 8 + 8 = 25$ Even places = 2 + 3 + 9 = 14

Difference = 25 - 14 = 11

(b) We know that a number is divisible by 11 if the difference of the sum of the digits at odd places and that of even places should be either 0 or 11.

Therefore, $869484 \rightarrow 0 \text{ dd places} = 8 + 9 + 8 = 25$

Even places = 6 + 4 + 4 = 14

Difference = 25 - 14 = 11



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Exercise 3.4

- 1. Find the common factors of:
 - (a) 20 and 28
- (b) 15 and 25
- (c) 35 and 50
- (d) 56 and 120
- Ans: (a) Factors of 20 = 1, 2, 4, 5, 10, 20Factors of 28 = 1, 2, 4, 7, 14, 28Common factors = 1, 2, 4
 - (b) Factors of 15 = 1, 3, 5, 15 Factors of 25 = 1, 5, 25 Common factors = 1, 5
 - (c) Factors of 35 = 1, 5, 7, 35Factors of 50 = 1, 2, 5, 10, 25, 50Common factors = 1, 5
 - (d) Factors of 56 = 1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 14, 28, 56 Factors of 120 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 15, 20, 24, 30, 60, 120 Common factors = 1, 2, 4, 8
- 2. Find the common factors of:
 - (a) 4, 8 and 12
- (b) 5, 15 and 25
- Ans: (a) Factors of 4 = 1, 2, 4

 Factors of 8 = 1, 2, 4, 8

 Factors of 12 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12

 Common factors of 4, 8 and 12 = 1, 2, 4
 - (b) Factors of 5 = 1, 5 Factors of 15 = 1, 3, 5, 15 Factors of 25 = 1, 5, 25 Common factors of 5, 15 and 25 = 1, 5
- 3. Find the first three common multiples of:
 - (a) 6 and 8
- (b) 12 and 18





- - Common multiples of 12 and 18 = 36, 72, 108
- 4. Write all the numbers less than 100 which are common multiples of 3 and 4.

Ans: Multiples of 3 = 3, 6, 9, 12, 15, 18, 21, 24, 27, 30, 33, 36, 39, 42, 45, 48, 51, 54, 57, 60, 63, 66, 69, 72, 75, 78, 81, 84, 87, 90, 93, 96, 99

Multiples of 4 = 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24, 28, 32, 36, 40, 44, 48, 52, 56, 60, 64, 68, 72, 76, 80, 84, 88, 92, 96, 100

Common multiples of 3 and 4 = 12, 24, 36, 48, 60, 72, 84, 96

- 5. Which of the following numbers are co-prime:
 - (a) 18 and 35
- (b) 15 and 37
- (c) 30 and 415
- (d) 17 and 68
- (e) 216 and 215
- (f) 81 and 16
- **Ans**: (a) Factors of 18 = 1, 2, 3, 6, 9, 18

Factors of 35 = 1, 5, 7, 35

Common factor = 1

Since, both have only one common factor, i.e., 1, therefore, they are co-prime numbers.

(b) Factors of 15 = 1, 3, 5, 15

Factors of 37 = 1,37

Common factor = 1

Since, both have only one common factor, i.e., 1, therefore, they are co-prime numbers.

(c) Factors of 30 = 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 15, 30

Factors of $415 = 1, 5, \dots, 83, 415$

Common factor = 1, 5

Since, both have more than one common factor, therefore, they are not co-prime numbers.

(d) Factors of 17 = 1, 17

Factors of 68 = 1, 2, 4, 17, 34, 68

Common factor = 1, 17

Since, both have more than one common factor, therefore, they are not co-prime numbers.

(e) Factors of 216 = 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 36, 72, 108, 216

Factors of 215 = 1, 5, 43, 215

Common factor = 1

Since, both have only one common factor, i.e., 1, therefore, they are co-prime numbers.

(f) Factors of 81 = 1, 3, 9, 27, 81

Factors of 16 = 1, 2, 4, 8, 16

Common factor = 1





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6. A number is divisible by both 5 and 12. By which other number will that number be always divisible?

Ans: $5 \times 12 = 60$. The number must be divisible by 60.

7. A number is divisible by 12. By what other numbers will that number be divisible?

Ans: Factors of 12 are 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 12.

Therefore, the number also be divisible by 1, 2, 3, 4 and 6.





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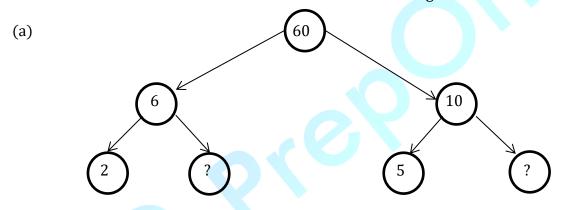


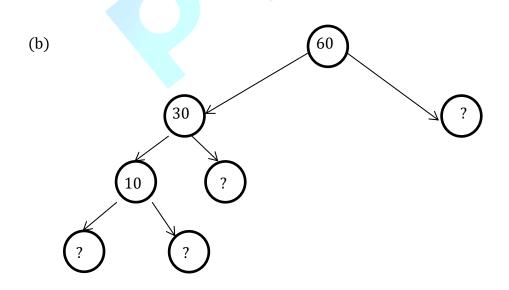
Exercise 3.5

- 1. Which of the following statements are true:
- (a) If a number is divisible by 3, it must be divisible by 9.
- (b) If a number is divisible by 9, it must be divisible by 3.
- (c) If a number is divisible by 18, it must be divisible by both 3 and 6.
- (d) If a number is divisible by 9 and 10 both, then it must be divisible by 90.
- (e) If two numbers are co-primes, at least one of them must be prime.
- (f) All numbers which are divisible by 4 must also by divisible by 8.
- (g) All numbers which are divisible by 8 must also by divisible by 4.
- (h) If a number is exactly divides two numbers separately, it must exactly divide their sum.
- (i) If a number is exactly divides the sum of two numbers, it must exactly divide the two numbers separately.

Ans: Statements (b), (c), (d), (g) and (h) are true.

2. Here are two different factor trees for 60. Write the missing numbers.

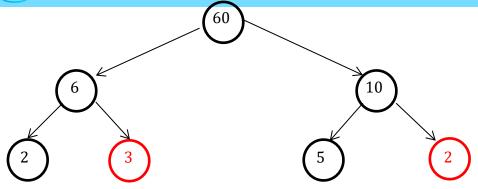


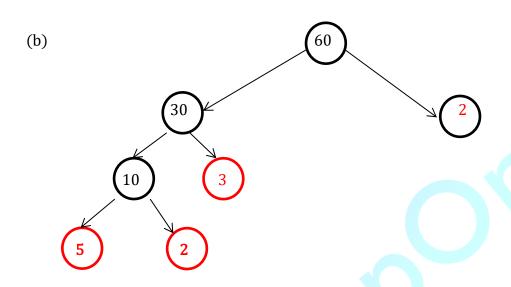










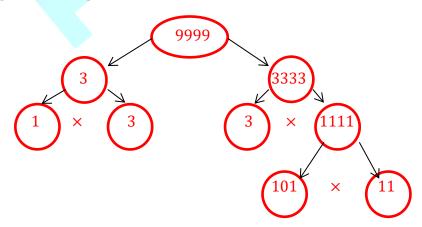


3. Which factors are not included in the prime factorization of a composite number?

Ans: 1

4. Write the greatest 4-digit number and express it in terms of its prime factors.

Ans: The greatest 4-digit number is 9999.

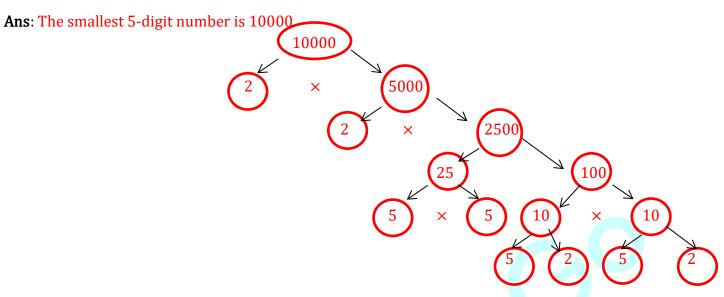


The prime factors of 9999 are $3 \times 3 \times 11 \times 101$.



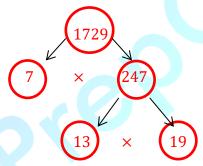


5. Write the smallest 5-digit number and express it in terms of its prime factors.



The prime factors of 10000 are $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5 \times 5$.

6. Find all the prime factors of 1729 and arrange them in ascending order. Now state the relation, if any, between, two consecutive prime numbers.



Prime factors of 1729 are 7 x 13 x 19.

The difference of two consecutive prime factors is 6.

- 7. The product of three consecutive numbers is always divisible by 6. Verify this statement with the help of some examples.
- **Ans**: Among the three consecutive numbers, there must be one even number and one multiple of 3. Thus, the product must be multiple of 6.

Example: (i)
$$2 \times 3 \times 4 = 24$$

(ii)
$$4 \times 5 \times 6 = 120$$

8. The sum of two odd consecutive numbers is always divisible by 4. Verify this statement with the help of some examples.

Ans:
$$3 + 5 = 8$$
 and 8 is divisible by 4.

$$5 + 7 = 12$$
 and 12 is divisible by 4.

$$7 + 9 = 16$$
 and 16 is divisible by 4.







- 9. In which of the following expressions, prime factorization has been done:
- (a) $24 = 2 \times 3 \times 4$
- (b) $56 = 7 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2$
- (c) $70 = 2 \times 5 \times 7$
- (d) $54 = 2 \times 3 \times 9$

Ans: In expressions (b) and (c), prime factorization has been done.

10. Determine if 25110 is divisible by 45.

[Hint: 5 and 9 are co-prime numbers. Test the divisibility of the number by 5 and 9.]

Ans: The prime factorization of $45 = 5 \times 9$

25110 is divisible by 5 as '0' is at its unit place.

25110 is divisible by 9 as sum of digits is divisible by 9.

Therefore, the number must be divisible by $5 \times 9 = 45$

11. 18 is divisible by both 2 and 3. It is also divisible by $2 \times 3 = 6$. Similarly, a number is divisible by 4 and 6. Can we say that the number must be divisible by $4 \times 6 = 24$? If not, give an example to justify your answer.

Ans: No, Number 12 is divisible by both 6 and 4 but 12 is not divisible by 24.

12. I am the smallest number, having four different prime factors. Can you find me?

Ans: $2 \times 3 \times 5 \times 7 = 210$



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Exercise 3.6

- 1. Find the H.C.F. of the following numbers:
 - (a) 18,48
 - (c) 18,60
 - (e) 36,84
 - (g) 70, 105, 175
 - (i) 18, 54, 81
- Ans:
- (a) Factors of $18 = 2 \times 3 \times 3$ Factors of $48 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3$ H.C.F. $(18, 48) = 2 \times 3 = 6$
- (c) Factors of $18 = 2 \times 3 \times 3$ Factors of $60 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5$ H.C.F. $(18, 60) = 2 \times 3 = 6$
- (e) Factors of $36 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3$ Factors of $84 = 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 7$ H.C.F. $(36, 84) = 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 12$
- (g) Factors of $70 = 2 \times 5 \times 7$ Factors of $105 = 3 \times 5 \times 7$ Factors of $175 = 5 \times 5 \times 7$ H.C.F. = $5 \times 7 = 35$
- (i) Factors of 18 = 2 x 3 x 3 Factors of 54 = 2 x 3 x 3 x 3 Factors of 81 = 3 x 3 x 3 x 3 H.C.F. = 3 x 3 = 9
- 2. What is the H.C.F. of two consecutive:
 - (a) numbers?
 - (b) even numbers?
 - (c) odd numbers?
- Ans:
- (a) H.C.F. of two consecutive numbers is 1.
- (b) H.C.F. of two consecutive even numbers is 2.
- (c) H.C.F. of two consecutive odd numbers is 1.

- (b) 30,42
- (d) 27,63
- (f) 34,102
- (h) 91, 112, 49
- (j) 12, 45, 75
- (b) Factors of $30 = 2 \times 3 \times 5$ Factors of $42 = 2 \times 3 \times 7$ H.C.F. $(30, 42) = 2 \times 3 = 6$
- (d) Factors of $27 = 3 \times 3 \times 3$ Factors of $63 = 3 \times 3 \times 7$ H.C.F. $(27, 63) = 3 \times 3 = 9$
- (f) Factors of $34 = 2 \times 17$ Factors of $102 = 2 \times 3 \times 17$ H.C.F. $(34, 102) = 2 \times 17 = 34$
- (h) Factors of 91 = 7 x 13 Factors of 112 = 2 x 2 x 2 x 2 x 7 Factors of 49 = 7 x 7 H.C.F. = 1 x 7 = 7
- (j) Factors of $12 = 2 \times 2 \times 3$ Factors of $45 = 3 \times 3 \times 5$ Factors of $75 = 3 \times 5 \times 5$ H.C.F. = $1 \times 3 = 3$



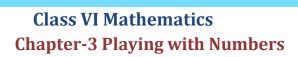


 $3.\,H.\text{C.F.}$ of co-prime numbers 4 and 15 was found as follows by factorization:

 $4 = 2 \times 2$ and $15 = 3 \times 5$ since there is no common prime factor, so H.C.F. of 4 and 15 is 0. Is the answer correct? If not, what is the correct H.C.F.?

Ans: No, The correct H.C.F. is 1.







Exercise 3.7

1. Renu purchases two bags of fertilizer of weights 75 kg and 69 kg. Find the maximum value of weight which can measure the weight of the fertilizer exact number of times.

Ans:

For finding maximum weight, we have to find the H.C.F. of 75 and 69.

Factors of $75 = 3 \times 5 \times 5$

Factors of $69 = 3 \times 69$

H.C.F. = 3

∴ the required weight is 3 kg.

2. Three boys step off together from the same spot. Their steps measure 63 cm, 70 cm and 77 cm respectively. What is the minimum distance each should cover so that all can cover the distance in complete steps?

Ans:

For finding the minimum distance, we have to find the L.C.M of 63, 70, 77.

L.C.M. of 63, 70 and
$$77 = 7 \times 9 \times 10 \times 11 = 6930 \text{ cm.}$$

 \therefore the minimum distance is 6930 cm.

7	63, 70, 77
9	9, 10, 11
10	1, 10, 11
11	1, 1, 11
	1, 1, 1

3. The length, breadth and height of a room are 825 cm, 675 cm and 450 cm respectively. Find the longest tape which can measure the three dimensions of the room exactly.

Ans:

The measurement of the longest tape = H.C.F. of 825 cm, 675 cm and 450 cm.

Factors of $825 = 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 11$

Factors of $675 = 3 \times 5 \times 5 \times 3 \times 3$

Factors of $450 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 \times 5$

 $H.C.F. = 3 \times 5 \times 5 = 75 \text{ cm}$

∴, the longest tape is 75 cm.

 $4. \ Determine the smallest \ 3-digit \ number \ which \ is \ exactly \ divisible \ by \ 6, \ 8 \ and \ 12.$

Ans:

L.C.M. of 6, 8 and
$$12 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 24$$

The smallest 3-digit number = 100
To find the number, we have to divide 100 by 24

 \therefore , the required number = 100 + (24 - 4) = 120.

2	6, 8, 12
2	3, 4, 6
2	3, 2, 3
3	3, 1, 3
	1, 1, 1



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5. Determine the largest 3-digit number which is exactly divisible by 8, 10 and 12.

Ans:

L.C.M. of 8, 10,
$$12 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 120$$

12

The largest three digit number = 999

2	8, 10,		
2	4,	5,	6
2	2,	5,	3
3	1,	5,	3
5	1,	5,	1
	1,	1,	1

 \therefore , the required number = 999-39 = 960

6. The traffic lights at three different road crossings change after every 48 seconds, 72 seconds and 108 seconds respectively. If they change simultaneously at 7 a.m. at what time will they change simultaneously again?

Ans:

L.C.M. of 48, 72,
$$108 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 3 = 432 \text{ sec.}$$

After 432 seconds, the lights change simultaneously.

432 second = 7 minutes 12 seconds

Therefore the time = 7 a.m. + 7 minutes 12 seconds

= 7:07:12 a.m.

5 1, 5, 1

1, 1, 1

7. Three tankers contain 403 liters and 465 liters of diesel respectively. Find the maximum capacity of a container that can measure the diesel of three containers exact number of times. **Ans**:

The maximum capacity of container = H.C.F. (403, 434, 465)

Factors of $403 = 13 \times 31$

Factors of $434 = 2 \times 7 \times 31$

Factors of $465 = 3 \times 5 \times 31$

H.C.F. = 31

:, 31 liters of container is required to measure the quantity.

8. Find the least number which when divided by 6, 15 and 18, leave remainder 5 in each case. **Ans**:

L.C.M. of 6, 15 and
$$18 = 2 \times 3 \times 3 \times 5 = 90$$

Therefore the required number $= 90 + 5 = 95$



9. Find the smallest 4-digit number which is divisible by 18, 24 and 32.

Ans:

L.C.M. of 18, 24 and $32 = 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 288$

32

The smallest four-digit number = 1000

Now,	
	2

2	18, 24,		
2	9, 12,16		
2	9, 6, 8		
2	9, 3, 4		
2	9, 3, 2		
3	9, 3, 1		

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The smallest four-digit number divisible by 18, 24 and
$$32 = 1000 + (288-136)$$

$$= 1000 + 152$$

$$= 1152$$

10. Find the L.C.M. of the following numbers:

(a) 9 and 4 (b) 12 and 5 (c) 6 and 5 (d) 15 and 4

Observe a common property in the obtained L.C.Ms. Is L.C.M. the product of two numbers in each case?

Ans: (a) 9 and 4

L.C.M. of 9 and 4 =
$$2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 36$$

2	9, 4
2	9, 2
3	9, 1
3	3, 1
	1, 1

(b) 12 and 5
L.C.M. of 12 and 5
=
$$2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$$

2	12, 5
2	6, 5
3	3, 5
5	1, 5
	1, 1

(c) 6 and 5
L.C.M. of 6 and 5
=
$$2 \times 3 \times 5 = 30$$



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(d) 15 and 4
L.C.M. of 15 and 4
=
$$2 \times 2 \times 3 \times 5 = 60$$

2	15,	4
2	15,	2
3	15,	1
5	5,	1
	1,	1

5

1, 1, 5

Yes, the L.C.M. is equal to the product of two numbers in each case. And, L.C.M. is also the multiple of 6.

11. Find the L.C.M. of the following numbers in which one number is the factor of other:

(a) 5, 20 (b) 6, 18 (c) 12, 48 (d) 9, 45

What do you observe in the result obtained?

Ans:

(a) 5 and 20
L.C.M. of 5 and 20
$$= 2 \times 2 \times 5 = 20$$
(b) 6 and 18
L.C.M. of 6 and 18
$$= 2 \times 3 \times 3 = 18$$
(c) 12 and 48
L.C.M. of 12 and 48
$$= 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 3 = 48$$
(d) 9 and 45
L.C.M. of 9 and 45
$$\frac{2}{3} \times \frac{5}{3} \times \frac{20}{5} \times \frac{20}{5} \times \frac{10}{5} \times \frac{10$$

From these all cases, we can conclude that if the smallest number if the factor of largest number, then the L.C.M. of these two numbers is equal to that of larger number.

 $= 3 \times 3 \times 5 = 45$